

Index

- Actinocyclus moronensis* 238
Actinocyclus spp. 163, 165
Actinoptychus spp. 163, 164
aeolian sources
 for lithic laminations 17, 18, 164
 for suspension settling 31, 32
algal-fungal mats *see* mats
analyses of variance (ANOVA) 20
Angola Member (West Falls Formation) 27, 28
Anhydrite 1 member (Castile Formation) 79, 80–3, 84,
 89–90
 contact with Bell Canyon Formation 86
 sulphate/carbonate/anhydrite cycles 80–1
 turbidite succession 86–7
 see also Castile Formation; Delaware Basin
Anhydrite 1 member (Salina Group) 85–6
anoxic conditions 25, 32, 74, 75, 247
 Baffin Island lakes 58, 62, 69
 California Borderland Basins 93, 96, 99–104, 108
 Cariaco Basin 171, 175, 180
 Santa Barbara Basin 122, 126, 130, 149
 see also oxygen minimum zone
Appalachian Basin 25, 27, 28, 30
Asterolampra spp. 238
Asteromphalus spp. 163
AVHRR satellite infrared imagery 157–8
Azpeitia
 moronensis 238
 praenodulifer 238
- Baffin Island lakes 57–69
Basins
 Appalachian 25, 27, 28, 30
 Cariaco 66, 171–82, 186
 Delaware *see* Delaware Basin
 Estancia 7–10, 12
 Guaymas 18, 42, 43, 157–69
 Michigan 85
 San Clemente 96, 108
 San Diego Trough 94, 96, 105–8, 107, 108
 San Nicolas 94, 96, 105, 106, 107, 108
 San Pedro 94, 96, 98, 102, 103, 104–5, 108, 113–14
 Santa Barbara 66, 94–108, 114, 115, 118, 119,
 121–33, 143–55
 see also Santa Barbara Basin laminae;
 Santa Barbara Basin varves
 Santa Catalina 96, 108
 Santa Cruz 94, 95, 96, 104, 105, 106, 108
 Santa Monica 94–108, 111–19, 130
 see also Santa Monica Basin laminated sediments
Beggiotoa spp. 99, 122, 126
Bell Canyon Formation 6 7, 86
benthic environment
 diatoms 129, 164
 foraminifera 129, 149, 203
 Macoma extinction event 131
 microbial mat 32–3, 122, 129
 oxygen levels 32, 96, 99, 126, 130, 131, 143, 149, 160
 biogenic fluxes 167, 185, 203, 205
 coastal upwellings blooms 128, 165, 166
 organic carbon 112, 113, 114, 129, 172, 195
 zooplankton grazing 165, 166
 see also TOC
biogenic laminae 17, 18, 39, 44, 62–3, 65–6, 122, 128
 see also laminae couplets
bioturbation 1 2, 11, 126, 196, 223–4, 227, 238
 Cariaco Basin 171
 lamination cycles 10–12
 limited by anoxic conditions 75, 160, 247
 Arabian Sea 185, 195
 Baffin Island 58–9
 California Borderland Basins 93, 94, 99–103, 105
 San Pedro Basin 102, 104
 Santa Barbara Basin 122
 Santa Monica Basin 101, 102, 103
 microbioturbation 177, 199
 Ogallala Basin 8
 physically suppressed by diatom mat meshwork 223,
 238, 247–8
bloom events 18, 58, 68, 149, 165
 cyclic occurrence 94, 167
 plankton 66, 94, 115, 176, 203
 time lag to deposition 126
Bolivina
 argentea 112, 116
 seminuda 149
 spissa 112, 116
bottom currents
 accompanying tsunamis 218
 flowing
 deposition from 23, 25, 34
 erosion by 123, 218
 processes 24–8
 low-density (dilute turbidity currents) 28–30
 pulsating 218
 winnowing action 202
box corers 122–3, 173–4
Brizalina spp. 196
Bruntopsis mirabilis 248
BSEI (backscattered electron imagery) 38, 40, 161–2,
 167, 221–2
 Baffin Island lake sediments 61–2, 65, 66
 Cariaco Basin sediments 174, 176
 photomosaics 42, 43, 44, 161, 162
 Santa Barbara Basin sediments 130, 143, 144, 155
- California Borderland Basins 93–108, 111–19, 121–33,
 143–55, 185
California Current 11, 129, 130
carbon isotopic composition (planktonic
 foramanifera) 112, 113–14, 118, 119, 130
carbonate dissolution 176, 223, 248–9
 Cariaco Basin 66, 171–82, 186
 Castile Formation (evaporites) 2, 6–7, 79–90
 Anhydrite 1 member *see* Anhydrite 1 member
 anhydrite/halite cycles 80, 89–90
 basin hydrology 87

- Castile Formation (evaporites) (*continued*)
 bottom-growth gypsum 81–2, 84, 89
 evidence for shallow-water conditions 83–6
 displacive gypsum 82, 84, 86, 89
 Halite 1 member 82, 83, 90
 laminae deposition 86
 relative atmospheric humidity 87
 resedimented sulphate 82–3
 turbidites 82–3, 84, 86–7, 90
see also Delaware Basin
- Cayuga Lake 66
- Cestodiscus peplum* 238
- Chaetoceros*
diadema 145
didymus 145
radicans 145, 147, 149, 167
vanheurckii 145, 147, 163
- Chaetoceros* spp. 66, 68, 128, 129, 155, 163
 dominant constituent in diatom ooze laminae
 145–6, 146, 147, 148–9, 150
 near-monospecific laminae 68, 163–5, 167
- charcoal (evidence of fire frequencies) 129
- Cibicides* spp. 232
- clay-varves 73–6
- climate forcing functions 2 3, 5 117–19
- coccoliths 176, 195, 205, 210, 211, 213, 223
 cohesive laminated muds 216, 217, 218
 limestones 210
- compaction effects 128
- convolute laminations 27, 28, 34
- core surface photography 37, 61
- Coscinodiscus*
asteromphalus 163
granii 163
- Coscinodiscus* spp. 148, 163, 164, 165, 167, 222
- couplets *see* lamination couplets
- Craspedodiscus coscinodiscus* 222, 238
- Craspedodiscus* spp. 222
- Crawford Lake 66
- cross-lamination 24–7, 25, 34
- cut and fill structures 26, 27–8, 34
- CZCS (coastal zone colour scanner) data 165
- Delaware Basin 79, 80, 86, 87–90
 diagenetic processes on margins 87–9, 89, 90
 drawdown of brine level 87–8
 Hovey Channel 87, 88
 influx of marine waters 86, 87, 88
 reflux of brine 87–8, 89, 90
see also Anhydrite 1 member; Castile Formation
- densitometric measurements 50, 51–4
- Denticulopsis*
kanayae 238
simonsei 238
- Denticulopsis* spp. 222, 232, 240
- depositional processes of laminated basin sediments
 93–108
 basin floor laminated sediments
 San Diego Trough 105–8
 San Nicolas Basin 105, 106, 107
 San Pedro Basin 102, 103, 104–5
 Santa Barbara Basin 95, 99–103
 Santa Cruz Basin 105, 106
 Santa Monica Basin 96, 101, 102, 103–4
 geological setting 95–9
 methodology 94–5
 total organic carbon 96–7, 97
- diatom flux 130, 155, 167
- diatom ooze laminae 145–9, 146, 150, 153–5
 benthic foraminifera abundance 149
 cyclical variations in thickness 153–5
 faecal pellets 148–9
 mode of deposition 146–9
 sub-laminae 146, 149, 150
 thickness 144, 145, 153, 155
see also lamination couplets
- diatomaceous laminations 17–21, 44, 51, 66, 153
- diatoms 65, 128, 129
 analysis 62, 65, 222
 assemblages 18, 65, 127, 146–8, 243–252
 blooms 58, 68, 149
 components of dark and light laminations 66, 68
 flocculation 148–9
 low morphological diversity 65, 66, 68
 material for radioisotope dating 175
 preservation 222
- Dictyocha* spp. 238, 240
- digital imagery 37–9, 49–50, 61, 174, 191
- Distephanus* spp. 238, 240
- El Niño events 11, 103, 127, 128, 130, 131, 246
 frequencies 111
- Elk Lake 66
- Ellesmere Island 51–4, 66
- ENSO (El Niño-Southern Oscillation) events 19, 20,
 112, 113–19, 155
- Estancia Basin (New Mexico) 7–10, 12
- Ethmodiscus rex* 248
- faecal pellets 148–9, 176, 178, 191, 199
- false varves (single-event laminations) 19, 96, 174
 effects on chronology 19, 122
- Fayetteville Green Lake 51–4, 66
- fire frequencies 129
- fish faunas 209–10, 211
- fish scales 128–9, 133
- Fjerritsler Formation 30
- flame structures 26, 27–8, 34
- foraminifera 128, 133, 191, 195, 196, 213, 222, 232, 238
 benthic 112, 116, 129, 149, 155, 238, 247–8, 205
 planktonic 112, 128, 130, 131, 211, 205
 isotope compositions 112, 113–14, 118, 181, 191,
 194
 radiocarbon dating 175, 181
- Fragilariopsis doliolus* 163, 165
- freeze-coring 69, 75, 76, 173–4
 techniques 60–1
- freeze-drying 69, 123
 methods 40, 49, 61
- G. quinqueloba* 131
- Genesee Formation 25, 28, 29, 29, 30, 30
- glacial clay-varves 73–6
- Globigerina bulloides* 130, 131, 175, 196
- Globigerinoides ruber* 130, 191, 194
- globobulimina* spp. 196
- Globoturborotalita rubescens* 130

- graded bedding 28–9, 28, 34
 GRAPE (gamma ray attenuation porosity evaluator) 223, 245, 249, 250
 Guaymas Basin 18, 42, 43, 157–69
 Gulf of California 17, 18, 19, 20, 66, 157–67
Gyroidina spp. 232
- Hemiaulus hauckii* 167
Hemidiscus cuneiformis 163, 238
 hemipelagic deposition 30–1, 93, 95–9
 Arabian Sea lithotypes 199, 201
 Santa Barbara Basin 99–103, 99, 128
 Santa Cruz Basin 105
 Santa Monica Basin 103–4
 Holzmaar Lake 51–4, 66
 hydrographic features 130, 171, 172
 hydrographic variations 115
- image analysis of varved lake sediments 49–54, 76
 lamination thickness analysis 51–4
 methodology 49–50, 61–2
 image resolution 39, 46, 53, 54
 intertropical convergence zone (ITCZ) 172, 182
 isostatic uplift 58, 62, 69, 74
- Jasło Limestone 210, 211–18
 Jet Rock Formation 33
- Kasten corers 122–3
 Kimmeridge Clay Formation 33
 Krosno Beds 209–11, 216
- La Niña (anti-El Niño) events 11, 246, 247
 Lake of the Clouds 66
 Lakes
 Cayuga 66
 Crawford 66
 Elk 66
 Fayetteville Green 51–4, 66
 Gosciuz 65
 Holzmaar 51–4, 66
 Lovojarvi 65
 MacLeod (Australia) 88, 89
 Ogac 58, 59–69
 Rudetjarn 66
 Solar 86
 Soppensee 65
 Winton Bay 58, 59, 60, 62–9
- lamina transition analysis 44
 laminae
 analytical strategy 20
 biocalcareous 18
 biogenic 44, 163, 165
 biosiliceous 18
 bivariate spectral analysis 5
 dark-coloured (lithogenic) 20, 68, 122, 160, 176, 177
 diatomaceous 17–21, 163, 165, 166
 evaporites 6 80–3, 85
 image analysis 9 49–54
 interlaminae microlaminae 32, 123, 130, 232
 light-coloured (biogenic) 20, 68, 122, 160, 176, 177
 in limestones 211–13, 215–17, 218
 lithogenic 44, 162–3, 164–5, 167
 mixed-flora 162, 163, 165
 near-monospecific flora 162, 163, 165, 167
 obliterated 2 7, 8 58, 94, 123, 177, 213
 origins 23, 93–4, 115, 143, 185–7
 Precambrian 1
 seasonal influences 1 17–18, 20–1
 sub-laminae 66, 163, 164–5, 166, 167, 176–7, 180
see also biogenic laminae; lamination couplets; lithic laminae; varves
 laminae couplets and triplets
 biogenic/biogenic 18, 19
 biogenic/lithogenic 6 17–18, 19, 58, 59, 65, 111, 160, 164, 167, 176
 calcite/anhydrite 79–81
 carbonate/sulphate/halite 6
 confirmed as varves 59, 68, 173, 179, 181, 202–3
 lithogenic/biogenic/biogenic triplets 164, 166–7, 166
 lithogenic/biogenic/lithogenic triplets 144, 145, 149, 153
 lithogenic/lithogenic 66, 144, 145, 153, 155
 laminae preservation 2
 coastal upwelling 247
 rapid burial by diatom mats 223, 238, 247–8
 reduced bottom water oxygenation 75, 122, 247
 Baffin Island lakes 58–9
 California Borderland Basins 93, 94, 99–103, 105
 Cariaco Basin 160, 171
 laminae thickness 27, 32, 63, 163, 199–202
 compaction 128
 densitometric scans 51–4
 diatom ooze 144, 145, 232
 Jasło limestone 211
 palaeoclimatic significance 68, 69, 173, 179–81
Thalassiothrix longissima mats 230, 232, 240
 variability 51, 54, 63
see also varve thickness
 laminated diatom mat deposits (Equatorial Pacific)
 221–40, 243–50
 associations of laminae types 235–8, 240
 bioturbation 223
 carbonate dissolution 223, 248–9
 carbonate-silica cyclicity 250
 carbonate/silica relative abundance 248–9
 classification of laminae 227–32, 227, 232, 240
 distribution of deposits 222–3, 243–5
 formation and deposition 246–7, 246, 247
 laminae alternation scales 226, 227, 235
 linked to El Niño/La Niña cycles 235, 246, 247
 microlaminae 232
 nannofossil-rich laminae 232
 preservation of lamination 247–8
 strength of meshwork 248
see also *Thalassiothrix longissima*
 laminated diatom oozes *see* laminated diatom mat deposits
 laminated limestones 209–18
 composition 211
 correlation methods 211–13, 216
 deformed laminae 215–6
 erosional gaps beneath turbidite layers 213, 216
 nodular structures 211
 non-laminated layers 213–15, 217–18
 laminated sediments from oxygen-minimum zone (Arabian Sea) 185–205
 geological setting 187–91

- laminated sediments from oxygen-minimum zone
 (Arabian Sea) (*continued*)
 lithofacies 187–90, 194, 199–202, 200, 201
 distribution 187, 188
 zonation 195–6
 lithotypes 199–202
 methodology 191
 oceanographic environment 191–5
 origin of sediment laminae 199–203
 sample distribution 186, 187
 sedimentation pattern variations 196–9
 surface sediments 195–6
- LDO *see* laminated diatom ooze
- lead isotope dating *see* radioisotope dating
- limestone laminae correlators of palaeoseismicity
 209–18
 clastic dykes 216, 217–18
 disturbed laminae 213–17
 correlation 216
 seismic origin 216–7
 estimates of earthquake magnitudes 217
 geological setting 209–11
 non-laminated limestone layers 213–4, 217–18
- Lisan Formation 79, 86
- lithic (minerogenic) laminae 17–18, 44, 66, 122
- lithogenic fluxes 167
 aeolian transport 17, 18, 31, 32, 164
 El Niño 165
 fluvial discharge 164, 173, 181
 organic carbon 112, 114, 186
 reworked shelf deposits 164, 186, 195
 siliciclastics 112, 185
see also biogenic fluxes; TOC
- Little Ice Age 131
- Macoma leptonoidea* 103, 131
- mass accumulation rate (MAR) 67
- mass-flocculation 148–9
- mats
 bacterial 32–3, 99, 129, 149–53, 195–6
Beggiatoa spp. 122, 126
 form wavy laminae 23, 24, 32, 34
 role in laminae formation 93, 143, 155
 diatomaceous 18, 231, 232, 240
 flux episodes 227, 235
Rhizosolenia 246
see also laminated diatom mats
- Menilite Beds 209–11
- microbial mats *see* mats
- microfossils
 assemblages 20, 39
 phytoplankton 18
- Milankovitch bands 2 249
- mollusc shells 103
- monsoonal circulation 185, 191, 203
- nappes of the Outer Carpathians 209–11, 216
- Neogloboquadrina*
duertrei 130, 131
pachyderma (dextral) 112, 113–15, 118, 130
- Newland Formation 32
- nitrogen isotopic composition, planktonic
 foraminifera 114
- Nitzschia*
cylindra 66
praereinboldii 238
Nitzschia spp. 167, 222
 nutrient levels 68, 149, 157, 181, 193–4
- Ogac Lake 58, 59–69
- Ogallala Formation 5–6
- Ohio Shale Formation 26
- oozes
Bruniopsis mirabilis 248
 coccolith 213
Ethmodiscus rex 248
 foraminifer-nannofossil (F-NO) 190, 223, 227, 227,
 229
 laminated diatom (LDO) 221–40, 243–50
Thalassiothrix longissima 243–50
see also laminated diatom mat deposits
 optical microscopy 39, 45, 46, 61, 75, 162, 174, 191
 photomicrographs 174, 177, 178
- Otto Fiord Formation 85
- oxygen isotopic composition 112, 116, 128, 130, 131,
 191, 194, 196–8
- oxygen minimum zone (OMZ) 10–11, 221
 Arabian Sea 185, 192–5, 196, 203–5
 Gulf of California 160–1
 San Diego Trough 105
 Santa Barbara Basin 121, 131
- palaeoceanographic proxies 129, 143
- palaeoclimate data from varved lake sediments
 57–69
 core descriptions 62–6
 laminae couplets 68
 methodology 60–2
 radioisotope dating 62, 66–8
 sedimentation rates 63, 66–8
- palaeoclimate reconstructions 19
 microfossil evidence 128
 pollen data 129
 proxies 12, 128–9
 multiple 122, 181
 varve thicknesses 59, 68, 69, 75, 173
 variability 12, 112
- palaeodepth indicators in Castile Formation 79–90
 cyclical deposition 80–3
 shallow-water deposition 87–9
 textural variations 80–3, 84
 water depths 83–6
- palaeoenvironmental studies 49, 75
- palaeoseismicity 127, 179, 186, 209–18
- palaeo-sea surface temperatures 115, 116, 118, 119,
 128, 130, 131
- parallel lamination 24–7, 25, 34
- plankton blooms 66, 94, 115, 176, 203
- plankton flux 130
- pollen record 129
- productivity 23, 185, 196
 linked to upwellings 128, 149, 155, 157, 172, 173,
 180, 181, 193, 194
- radioisotope dating 19, 20, 94–5, 126–7
 accelerator mass spectrometry (AMS) 126–7, 175–6,
 181

- radioisotope dating (*continued*)
 lead isotopes 60, 62, 66–8, 111, 127, 174–5, 179
 radiocarbon dating 9 126–7, 175, 179, 181, 191
 thorium isotopes 127
 timelag between dates and events 126
radiolaria 128, 130, 191, 195, 222, 232, 238, 240
radiolarian flux 130
rainfall 113, 122, 126, 155, 172–3
 historic precipitation records 117, 127, 173
 variations 181
Rhizosolenia bergonii 163
Rhizosolenia mats 232, 240, 246
Rhizosolenia spp. 164, 165, 167
ripple marks 26, 27, 34
Rita Blanca lake beds 6–7, 8 9, 12, 66
Roperia tessellata 163, 165
Rossiella paeleacea 238
Rossiella spp. 232, 240
runoff 18, 112, 117, 126, 145, 181
 source for lithic laminae 17, 58, 66, 68, 180
- Saanich Inlet 17, 18, 19, 20, 66
Salado Formation 79, 80, 81
Salina Group 85
sample acquisition
 Arabian Sea 190–1
 Baffin Island lakes 60–1
 Cariaco Basin 173–4
 Santa Barbara Basin 122–3
sample analysis methods 5 24, 37–40, 44–5, 49–50
 Arabian Sea 191
 Baffin Island lakes 61–2
 California Borderland Basins 94–5
 Cariaco Basin 174–5
 Equatorial Pacific Ocean 221–2
 Gulf of California 161–2
 Santa Barbara Basin 123, 144
 see also sample acquisition; sample preparation
sample preparation
 drying 40, 41–4, 49, 61, 144, 161, 174
 resin-embedding procedure 41, 46, 49, 61, 69, 161, 174
 resin-impregnation 40, 49, 144, 161, 222
 shock-freezing 49
 wet unconsolidated sediments 39, 40–4
Santa Barbara Basin laminae varves, 121–132, 143–55
 bacterial mats 149–53
 California Current fluctuations 130–1
 depth- and time-series studies 132–4
 diatom ooze laminae 145–9, 153
 event beds 145
 foraminifers 149
 geochronology studies 132
 laminae groupings 153–5
 laminites 149, 151
 Little Ice Age 131
 long-term fluctuations 131–2
 Macoma event 131
 methodology 122–3, 144
 palaeoclimate proxies 122, 128–9
 seasonality 129–30
 sedimentary cycles 143–4
 sedimentology 143–4
 terrigenous laminae 144–5, 149, 153
 turbidites 123–6
 varve dating 123–7
 varve-formation mechanisms 121–2, 143–149
 volcanic events 126, 131
Santa Monica Basin laminated sediments 111–19
 climate forcing functions 117–19
 linked to palaeoclimate 111–15
 palaeo-sea surface temperatures 115–16, 118, 119
 palaeoxygen record 115, 116–17, 118, 119
 spectral analysis 117–19
scanning electron microscopy (SEM) 23–4, 33, 39–46, 75, 143, 148, 165–7, 221–2, 223, 238
 BSEI *see* BSEI
 EDS X-ray analysis 45, 191, 199
 low-vacuum (LVSEM) 39, 45, 144, 147
secondary electron imagery 44–5, 162
Schimmelmann sediment slab cutter 40, 41
sea surface temperature (SST) 157–8, 165, 172, 191
 see also palaeo-sea surface temperature
seasonal flux in laminated sediments (Guaymas Basin) 157–67
 classification of laminae 162–4
 depositional processes 164–5
 methodology 161–2
 oxygen minimum zone 160
 sediment trap data 167
 upwelling activity 157–60
seasonal sedimentation and climatic and environmental change 1–12
 climatic forcing 2 3, 5 6, 18
 cycles of lamination/bioturbation 10–12
 environmental and climatic reconstruction 2–4
 Estancia Basin 7–10
 resonance of annual cycle 6–7
 sedimentary domains 4–6, 8
secondary electron imagery (SEI) 40, 44–5
sediment compaction 66–7
sediment trap data 1 18, 19, 129–30, 165, 167, 191, 246
sediment-water interface 33, 60, 69, 122, 123
sedimentary environments 23
sedimentation
 California Borderland Basins 94, 96–9
 domains 4–6, 4, 8
 orbital forcing 2
 redeposition 126, 164, 186, 195, 199, 203
 resonance of annual cycle 6 10
 seasonal 1–12
 shale lamination 23–34
 solstice cycle 1 12
 thresholds for sedimentary processes 5
sedimentation rates 8 63, 74, 94, 128, 202–3, 224–7
 calculated from cores 66–8
 Cariaco Basin 171, 174, 180
sedimentology of laminated diatomaceous sediments (Equatorial Pacific) 221–40
 laminated diatom ooze (LDO) 222–27
 lamination styles 227–38
 methodology 221–2
 micropalaeontology 222, 232, 238
 see also laminated diatom mat deposits
seismic events 127, 179, 186, 199, 217, 218
shale lamination and sedimentary processes 23–34
 bottom flowing current processes 24–28
 microbial mats 32–33

- shale lamination and sedimentary processes
 (continued)
 suspension settling 30–32
 turbidity currents 28–30
 silica dissolution 195, 205
 silicoflagellates 176, 222, 232, 240
Skeletonema costatum 146, 163, 164, 165, 167
 snow melt 58, 68, 75
 Solar Lake (Sinai) 86
 Sonyea Formation 25, 26
Stephanopyxis
palmeriana 163, 164
turris 147
 storm events 114, 165, 166, 176, 186, 199
 sub-laminae 65, 66, 150, 164, 174, 176–7, 180
 biogenic 149, 163, 165
 lithogenic 146, 163, 165, 166, 167
 submarine fans 105, 106, 108
 sunspot cycle 19
 suspension settling 23, 24, 30–2, 34
 aeolian sources 32
 detached turbid layers 31–2
 hemipelagic 31, 93
Synedra indica 167
- terrigenous sediment supply
 linked to precipitation 122, 126
 marker horizons 127
 terrigenous siliciclastic fluxes 112, 185
Thalassiosira oestrupii 145–6, 147, 148
Thalassiosira spp. 163, 167, 222
Thalassiosira yabei Group 238
Thalassiothrix longissima 163, 232, 238, 243, 245
 Group 222, 232–8
 mat deposits 223, 240, 243, 245–50
Thalassionema nitzschioides 146, 147, 148, 149, 163, 165, 238
 thin-section preparation 40–4, 49, 144
 tidewater lakes 58–9
 time-series analysis 37, 39, 44, 118
 TOC (total organic carbon) content 39, 96–7, 112, 113–15, 119
 tree-ring data 127, 131
Triceratium spp. 238
 tsunamis 218
 turbid layer transport 186, 199, 218
 turbidites 2 62, 93, 94, 97, 199–202
 in Castile Formation evaporites 82–3, 84, 86–7, 90
 correlation with historic seismic events 127, 174–5, 179, 217, 218
 discrete laminae 96, 105, 107, 123–4
 in laminated limestones 211, 213, 216–7
 microturbidites 174, 176, 177–9, 180
 turbidity currents 23, 28–30, 94, 96, 121, 186, 203, 217–18
 deposits 23, 28–30, 34, 51, 97–9, 104, 107, 199
 detached 31–2
 seismic triggers 87, 186, 217
- Upper Soper Lake 58, 59–69
 upwellings 128, 172, 181–2, 245, 247
 Arabian Sea 185, 191, 194
 Cariaco Basin 181
 Gulf of California 157–60, 165, 166, 167
 Santa Barbara Basin 149, 153, 155
Uvigerina spp. 196
- varve thicknesses 74, 179–81, 180, 182
 corrections for compaction 67, 128
 palaeoclimate proxies 59, 68, 69, 75, 173, 180–1
 varved sediment record (Cariaco Basin) 171–82
 laminae descriptions 176–9
 lead isotope dating 174–5, 179
 methodology 173–5
 palaeoclimate implications 179–82
 varved sediments in Sweden 73–6
 estuarine 74
 lacustrine 74–6
 marine 74
- varves 2 19, 59, 204
 chronologies 68, 69, 74, 75, 123–7, 173, 181
 clay (glacial) 73–6
 compaction 128
 correlations with tree-ring data 127
 criteria 2
 densitometric scans of digitised images 51–4
 estuarine 74
 evaporites 2 6–7, 79–90
 false 19, 123
 geochemical parameters 128
 image analysis 49–54
 laminated coccolith oozes 213
 marine 74
 microfossil assemblage analysis 20–1
 minerogenic 51
 obliteration
 by bioturbation 7 8
 by turbidites 123
 organogenic 51
 palaeoenvironmental studies 75
 post-glacial in Sweden 74
 relationship to annual climate cycle 2
 seasonality 51
 siliciclastic 51
 Sweden 73–6
see also false varves; palaeoclimate data; Santa Barbara Basin varves
- West Falls Formation 25, 26
 Winton Bay Lake 58, 59, 60, 62–9
- X-radiography 37, 44, 45, 74, 75–6, 94, 111, 112, 123, 127, 174, 179, 195
 resolution 39, 46
- Younger Dryas cold period 180–1, 182
- Zagórz limestone 210, 213